

## Formulas (you need very few of these!!)

$x = x_0 + v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a_x t^2$	$\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$	$W = \int_{\vec{x}_i}^{\vec{x}_f} \vec{F}(x) \cdot d\vec{x}$	$T_c = \frac{5}{9}(T_f - 40) + 40$
$\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} =  A  B \cos\theta$	$\vec{a} \times \vec{b} =  a  b \sin\phi \perp \text{to both}$		$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$
$\sin\theta = \frac{o}{h}$	$\cos\theta = \frac{a}{h}$	$\tan\theta = \frac{o}{a}$	use, $g = 10 \frac{m}{\text{sec}^2}$
$\tan 45^\circ = 1$		$\sin 30^\circ = 0.5 = \cos 60^\circ, \cos 30^\circ = 0.866 = \sin 60^\circ$	
$\sin 45^\circ = 0.707 = \cos 45^\circ$		$C = 2\pi r$	$A = \pi r^2$
$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$	$A_{cylinder} = 2\pi r h$	$A_{sphere} = 4\pi r^2$	$T_c = \frac{5}{9}(T_f - 40) + 40$
$\Delta L = L\alpha\Delta T$	$\Delta V = V\beta\Delta T$	$T_K = T_C + 273$	$T_F = \frac{9}{5}T_C + 32^\circ$
$W = \int dW = - \int_{V_i}^{V_f} PdV$	$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = Q + W$		$Q = cm(T_f - T_i)$
$Q = Lm$	$H = \frac{Q}{t} = kA \frac{T_h - T_c}{L}$		$P_r = \sigma \epsilon A T^4$
$N_A = 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$	$pV = nRT$	$pV^\gamma = \text{const}$	$\bar{K} = \frac{3}{2}kT$
$W_{\text{isothermal}} = nRT \ln\left(\frac{V_f}{V_i}\right)$	$v_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{3RT}{M}}$	$k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J / K}$	
$R = 8.31 \frac{J}{\text{mol K}}$	$\gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_v}$	$C_p = C_v + R$	
$C_v = \frac{3}{2}R$ (ideal monatomic gas)	$E_{\text{int}} = nC_v T$	$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = nC_V \Delta T$	
$\Delta S = S_f - S_i = \int_i^f \frac{dQ}{T}$	$\varepsilon = \frac{ W }{ Q_h }$	$K = \frac{ Q_c }{ W }$	$\varepsilon = 1 - \frac{ Q_c }{ Q_h } = 1 - \frac{T_c}{T_h}$
$K = \frac{ Q_c }{ Q_h  -  Q_c } = \frac{T_c}{T_h - T_c}$			

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$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$	$\Phi = \oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A}$	$\epsilon_0 \Phi = q_{enc}$	$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = \frac{q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$		
$\vec{F} = \frac{q_1 q_2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2} \hat{r}$	$\vec{E} = \frac{\vec{F}}{q_o}$	$\vec{E} = \frac{ q }{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2} \hat{r}$	$d\vec{E} = \frac{ dq }{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2} \hat{r}$		
$q = \lambda L$	$dq = \lambda ds$	$q = \sigma A$	$dq = \sigma dA$	$q = \rho V$	$dq = \rho dV$
$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 / (\text{N m}^2)$		$k_e = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \cong 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2 / \text{C}^2$	$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \frac{Tm}{A}$		
$V = -\vec{E} \cdot \vec{d}$	$\Delta U = q\Delta V$	$V = \frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r}$	$E_x = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}$	$E_y = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial y}$	$E_z = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial z}$
$C = \frac{q}{V}$	$C = \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{d}$	$C_{eq} = \sum_{j=1}^n C_j$		$\frac{1}{C_{eq}} = \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{1}{C_j}$	
$U = \frac{q^2}{2C} = \frac{1}{2} CV^2$	$C_{eq} = \kappa C_{air}$	$U_B = \frac{1}{2} Li^2$		$u_B = \frac{B^2}{2\mu_0}$	
$i = \frac{dq}{dt}$	$i = \int \vec{J} \cdot d\vec{A}$	$R = \frac{V}{i}$	$\rho = \frac{1}{\sigma} = \frac{E}{J}$	$R = \frac{\rho L}{A}$	
$R = R_0[1 + \alpha(\Delta T)]$	$P = iV$	$P = i^2 R = \frac{V^2}{R}$	$R_{eq} = \sum_{j=1}^n R_j$	$\frac{1}{R_{eq}} = \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{1}{R_j}$	
$q = CV(1 - e^{-\gamma_{RC}})$	$i = \frac{dq}{dt} = \frac{V}{R} e^{-\gamma_{RC}}$	$q = q_0 e^{-\gamma_{RC}}$	$i = \frac{dq}{dt} = -\frac{q_0}{RC} e^{-\gamma_{RC}}$		
$F_B = q\vec{v} \times \vec{B}$	$qvB = \frac{mv^2}{r}$	$F_B = i\vec{L} \times \vec{B}$	$dF_B = id\vec{L} \times \vec{B}$	$\tau = \vec{\mu} \times \vec{B}$	
$\mu = NiA$	$\epsilon_L = -L \frac{di}{dt}$	$L = \frac{N\Phi_B}{i}$	$d\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0 i}{4\pi} \frac{d\vec{s} \times \vec{r}}{r^3}$		
$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} = \mu_0 i_{enc}$	$B = \mu_0 i n$	$B = \frac{\mu_0 i}{2\pi r}$	$\Phi_B = B \cdot A$		
$\epsilon = -\frac{d\Phi_B}{dt}$	$\epsilon = \nu l B$	$V_s = V_p \frac{N_s}{N_p}$	$I_s = I_p \frac{N_p}{N_s}$		
$I = \frac{\mathcal{E}_m}{Z}$	$V_{rms} = \frac{\mathcal{E}_m}{\sqrt{2}}$	$X_L = \omega_d L$	$X_C = \frac{1}{\omega_d C}$	$Z = \sqrt{R^2 + (X_L - X_C)^2}$	$\tan \varphi = \frac{X_L - X_C}{R}$

